



Say **Hy**

to a guided
conversation
with your doctor

This HyQvia Doctor Discussion Guide can help you put your CIDP* symptoms, treatment preferences, and questions in one place.

*CIDP=chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy.

Keep this guide close by to help you in your discussion with your doctor. This guide is designed to get you started in your conversation about your CIDP treatment plan and deciding your next steps with your doctor.

Your appointment is your time with your doctor, and they are there to help you. Have an open, honest conversation with them about what works for you—and what doesn't.

Feel free to look back to this guide at any time in your treatment to review your treatment preferences.

What is HyQvia?

HyQvia is a liquid medicine that is given under the skin (subcutaneously) to treat chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIDP) in adults.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

What is the most important information that I should know about HyQvia?

- HyQvia can cause blood clots.
- Call your healthcare professional (HCP) if you have pain, swelling, warmth, redness, or a lump in your legs or arms, other than at the infusion site(s), unexplained shortness of breath, chest pain or discomfort that worsens on deep breathing, unexplained rapid pulse, numbness or weakness on one side of the body.
- Your HCP may perform blood tests regularly to check your IgG level.
- Do not infuse HyQvia into or around an infected or red swollen area because it can cause infection to spread.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on pages 2-4 of this guide, click for [Information For Patients](#), and discuss with your HCP.



My treatment preferences

HyQvia
[Immune Globulin Infusion 10% (Human)
with Recombinant Human Hyaluronidase]

Use the questions below to start a conversation with your doctor about your treatment plan.

Feel free to give more detail and ask any other questions you have. Please talk to your doctor about any possible side effects.

1. Which of the following treatment factors is most important to you?
 time cost # of needlesticks
 other
- 2a. Where would you like your treatments to take place?
 hospital infusion center home
 other
- 2b. Is this different from your routine?
 yes no
3. Ideally, who would give your infusions?
 a nurse my caregiver me
4. Now that you are being treated for CIDP, who gives your infusions?
 a nurse my caregiver me
- 5a. How long are you comfortable with each infusion lasting?
_____ hours
- 5b. Is this longer or shorter than your routine?
 longer the same shorter
- 6a. How often are you comfortable having infusions?
Every _____ weeks
- 6b. Is this more or less often than your routine?
 more often the same less often
- 7a. What is the maximum number of needlesticks that you would be comfortable with at each infusion?
 as few as possible 1-2 3-4
- 7b. Is this more or fewer needlesticks than your routine?
 more fewer same
 N/A
8. How often do you have to change your daily routine after your infusions?
 always never sometimes
9. How much discomfort* do you experience in the day(s) after your infusions?
 a lot some a little
 none
10. How satisfied are you with your treatment?
 very satisfied not satisfied satisfied
 N/A

*Talk to your doctor if symptoms persist.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

What should I tell my HCP before I start using or while using HyQvia?

Tell your HCP if you:

- Have or had any kidney, liver, or heart problems or history of blood clots because HyQvia can make these problems worse.
- Have IgA deficiency or a history of severe allergic reactions to IgG or other blood products.
- Are pregnant, trying to become pregnant or are breast feeding. It is not known whether HyQvia can harm the unborn baby or breastfed infant.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, click for [Information For Patients](#), including Warning about Blood Clots, and discuss with your HCP.

Say **Hy** to a proven maintenance treatment

HyQvia
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Consider the following before your next appointment
and write down any additional questions you have:

- How do I feel on a typical day?
- How do I feel after my infusions? Do I have any reactions?
- What parts of my treatment plan could be better?
- Are there areas where I need additional support (cost, etc)?
- Can my doctor connect me with resources to help?



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

What are the possible or reasonably likely side effects of HyQvia?

HyQvia can cause serious side effects. If any of the following problems occur after starting HyQvia, stop the infusion immediately and contact your HCP or call emergency services:

- Hives, swelling in the mouth or throat, itching, trouble breathing, wheezing, fainting or dizziness. These could be signs of a serious allergic reaction.
- Bad headache with nausea, vomiting, stiff neck, fever, and sensitivity to light. These could be signs of irritation and swelling of the lining around your brain.
- Reduced urination, sudden weight gain, or swelling in your legs. These could be signs of a kidney problem.
- Pain, swelling, warmth, redness, or a lump in your legs or arms, other than at the infusion site(s). These could be signs of a blood clot.
- Brown or red urine, fast heart rate, yellow skin or eyes. These could be signs of a liver or blood problem.
- Chest pain or trouble breathing, blue lips or extremities. These could be signs of a serious heart or lung problem.
- Fever over 100°F. This could be a sign of an infection.

After HyQvia infusion a temporary, soft swelling may occur around the infusion site, which may last 1 to 3 days, due to the volume of fluid infused. The following possible side effects may occur at the site of infusion and generally go away within a few hours, and are less likely after the first few infusions.

- Mild or moderate pain
- Redness
- Swelling
- Itching

The most common side effects of HyQvia are:

- Headache
- Fatigue
- Nausea
- Fever
- Itching
- Redness
- Abdominal pain
- Back pain
- Pain in extremity

Antibodies to the hyaluronidase component of HyQvia were formed in some patients taking HyQvia. It is not known if there is any long-term effect. In theory, these antibodies could react with your body's own hyaluronidase (PH20). PH20 is present in the male reproductive tract. So far, these antibodies have not been associated with increased or new side-effects.

These are not all the possible side effects. Talk to your HCP about any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away.

For additional safety information, including Warning about Blood Clots, click for [Information For Patients](#) and discuss with your HCP.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch, or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

