



bye,
questions

hy,
resources

This is your Overview Guide.

What is HyQvia® [Immune Globulin Infusion (Human), 10% with Recombinant Human Hyaluronidase]?

HyQvia is a liquid medicine that is given under the skin (subcutaneously) to treat primary immunodeficiency (PI) in people 2 years and older.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

What is the most important information that I should know about HyQvia?

- HyQvia can cause blood clots.
- Call your healthcare professional (HCP) if you have pain, swelling, warmth, redness, or a lump in your legs or arms, other than at the infusion site(s), unexplained shortness of breath, chest pain or discomfort that worsens on deep breathing, unexplained rapid pulse, numbness or weakness on one side of the body.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, click for [Information for Patients](#), and discuss with your HCP.

HyQvia

[Immune Globulin Infusion (Human), 10%
with Recombinant Human Hyaluronidase]



You can do this.

Welcome to HyQvia. This guide is designed to help you know what to expect and answer questions you may have about this Immune Globulin (IG) therapy.

When you begin therapy, you'll get the supplies you need from a specialty pharmacy—a place where specialty medications for chronic illnesses, like PI, are available. Those who work at specialty pharmacies have a deeper knowledge of chronic illnesses and the prescriptions they fill.

The next pages will give you an overview of HyQvia, your supplies, and the resources available to you as you get started on your treatment journey.

We're here to help.

You'll get in-person training with a nurse and access to a video that walks you through the infusion process. Plus, there's a Step-by-Step Guide in your starter kit.

Here's a quick guide to what's here:

What is that?! Identifying supplies from your specialty pharmacy	4
Hya-what?! Hyaluronidase (Hy) is what makes HyQvia different	6
What ramping up means	8
3 methods for infusing HyQvia	9
About the infusion experience + side effects	10
Support and resources available to you	12

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

What is the most important information that I should know about HyQvia? (continued)

- Your HCP may perform blood tests regularly to check your IgG level.
- Do not infuse HyQvia into or around an infected or red swollen area because it can cause infection to spread.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, click for [Information for Patients](#), including [Warning about Blood Clots](#), and discuss with your HCP.



Here's what you will receive

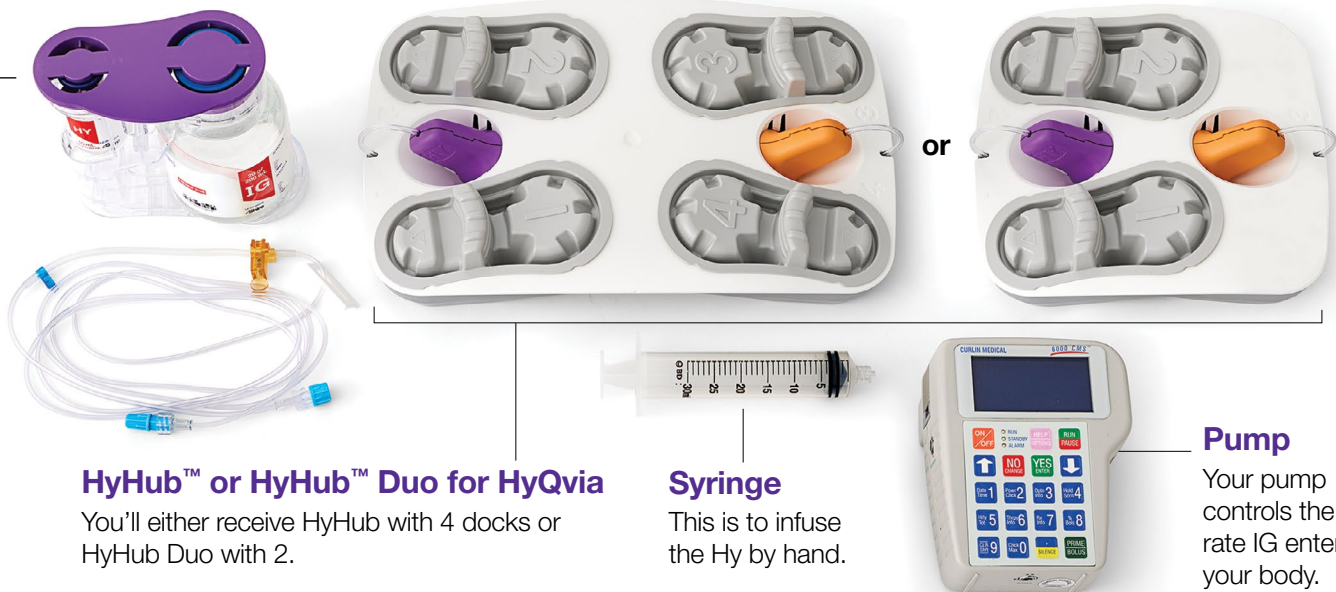
Your nurse will walk you through the process, explain what things are for, and answer any questions you may have.

HyQvia

Your therapy! This is a combo of hyaluronidase, or Hy for short, and immune globulin, or IG.

Pump Tubing

Transfers the IG from the HyHub infusion tray for HyQvia to your body.



HyHub™ or HyHub™ Duo for HyQvia

You'll either receive HyHub with 4 docks or HyHub Duo with 2.

Syringe

This is to infuse the Hy by hand.

Pump

Your pump controls the rate IG enters your body.

HyHub/HyHub Duo Important Information for Patients

What is HyHub/HyHub Duo? HyHub/HyHub Duo are stand-alone, single-use, disposable vial access devices.

Who Should Use HyHub/HyHub Duo? HyHub/HyHub Duo are for patients 17 years of age and older to allow HyQvia [Immune Globulin Infusion (Human), 10% with Recombinant Human Hyaluronidase] to be transferred from vials without using a needle, as prescribed, in a home environment or clinical setting.

Do Not:

- Use HyHub/HyHub Duo with a pooling bag.
- Connect HyHub/HyHub Duo to a syringe driver infusion pump.

Selected Information for Patients:

- **HyHub/HyHub Duo are for SINGLE USE ONLY, even if all docks are not used during a single infusion. Re-use will increase risk of infection. Always use a new HyHub/HyHub Duo for each infusion.**
- **Only use HyHub/HyHub Duo when ready to administer HyQvia.**
- Do not use HyHub/HyHub Duo at home until receiving instructions and training from a healthcare provider.
- **HyQvia is the only medicine that may be used with HyHub/HyHub Duo.**
- Do not exceed the maximum infusion volume per infusion site or infusion rate as indicated in the HyQvia prescribing information, or as directed by a healthcare provider.

For safe and proper use of HyHub/HyHub Duo, please refer to the complete Instructions for Use included with the devices. Talk to your healthcare provider if you have additional questions. For information about HyQvia, please see Patient Information for HyQvia.

Bifurcated needle set

Attached to the needles inserted into your body.



Alcohol swab

Use this to wipe the tops of the vial caps and your infusion site.



Saline solution

This is to flush through the remaining IG from the tubing.



Sharps container

Dispose of your needles here.



Tape

This holds your subQ needle in place during your infusion. It's super handy.



Bandages

Pop one of these on at the end of your infusion after you take the needle out.



Wellness Journal/ Infusion Log

To write down the details of each infusion, like dose and number of sites.

Worth noting about your supplies:

What you get may not look exactly like what is pictured here, especially if you don't infuse with HyHub, and that's OK. Some things may look different from time to time, depending on what brands/supplies the pharmacy has in stock.

Just-in-case extras:

You may receive supplies like an antihistamine or epinephrine. Ask your doctor what's right for you. Also, patients don't typically wear gloves, but know that your doctor may recommend wearing them.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Who should not take HyQvia?

Do not take HyQvia if you:

- Are allergic to IgG, hyaluronidase, other blood products, or any ingredient in HyQvia.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, click for [Information for Patients](#), including [Warning about Blood Clots](#), and discuss with your HCP.

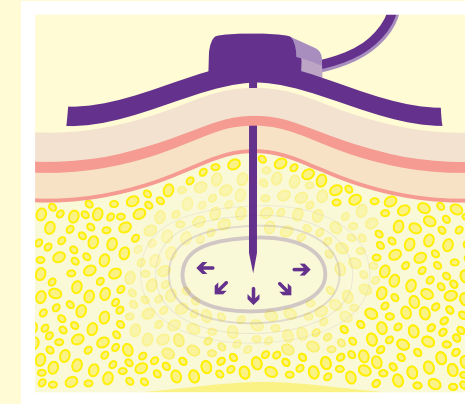
HyQvia
[Immune Globulin Infusion (Human), 10%
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Hyaluronidase, or Hy, is what makes this therapy different.

Hy allows a larger amount of IG to be infused, making it the reason you're able to infuse monthly.*

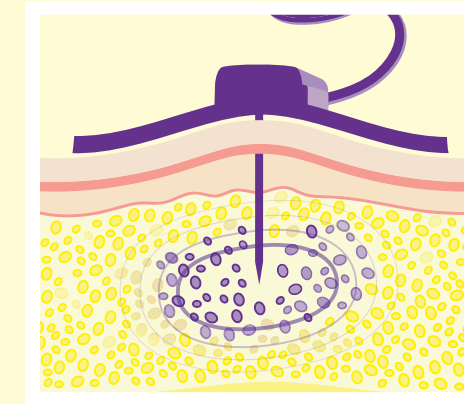
*Every 3 or 4 weeks.

How Hy works



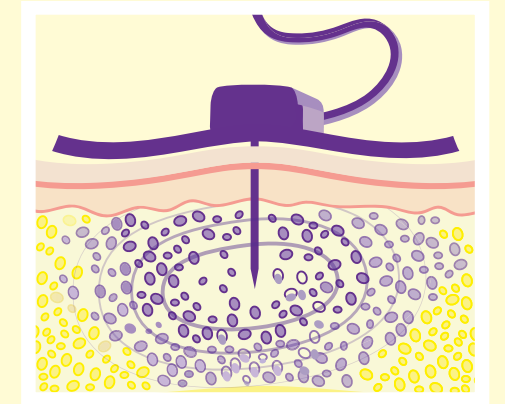
Your body naturally contains hyaluronan.

The subQ tissue directly beneath your skin is naturally filled with a substance called hyaluronan.



Hyaluronan limits the volume of IG you can infuse.

Without the Recombinant Human Hyaluronidase (Hy) in HyQvia, hyaluronan would limit the amount of IG that can be infused into the subQ tissue.



Hy makes room for a larger volume of IG.

Hy allows a larger amount of IG to reach the subQ tissue and be absorbed into the bloodstream. That's why you can infuse HyQvia less frequently than other subQ IG treatments.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

What should I avoid while taking HyQvia?

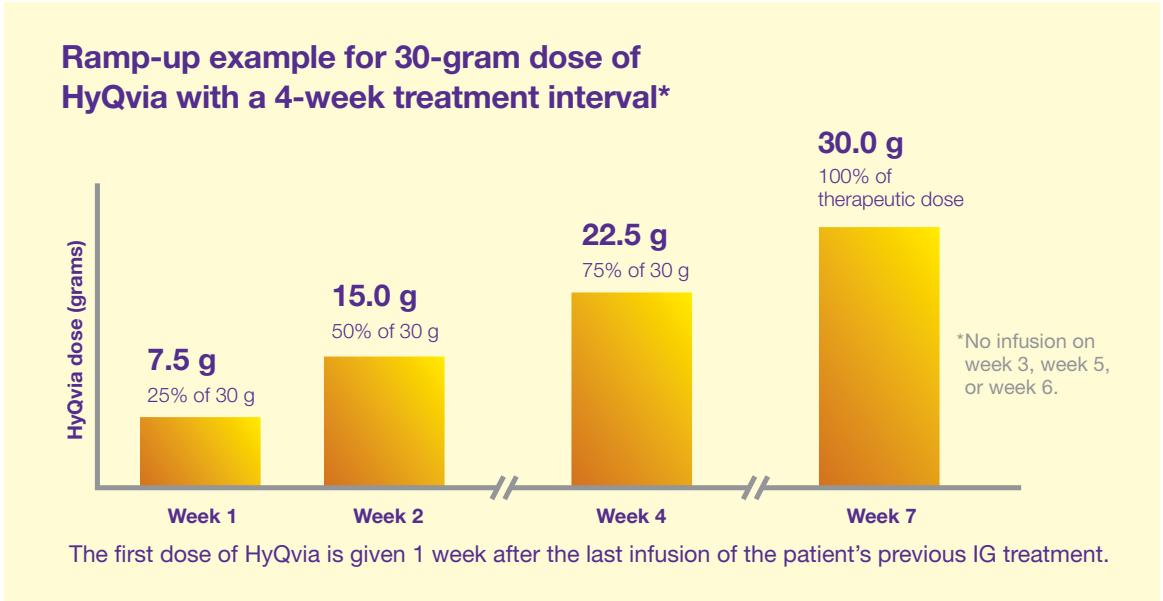
- HyQvia can make vaccines (like measles/mumps/rubella or chickenpox vaccines) not work as well for you. Before you get any vaccines, tell your HCP that you take HyQvia.

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When starting, you'll “ramp up.” Here's what that means.

A ramp-up period helps your body adjust to your treatment by slowly increasing how much HyQvia you infuse in order to reach your full monthly (every 3-4 weeks) dose.



Like anything new, there's an adjustment period.

It's important to give your body up to 7 weeks to adjust and monitor how you're responding after this time period. And you'll work with your doctor to monitor how this all goes during your ramp-up (and beyond). You may experience some infusion site reactions during the first few infusions, but these reactions should become less likely to occur after the first few infusions.

While you're ramping up, your healthcare team will work with you to help ensure you have a successful infusion. Together you can start to individualize your infusions and figure out infusion time, volume per site, and tolerability.

There are three methods to infuse.

1 Peristaltic pump

2 Peristaltic pump with HyHub for HyQvia

3 Syringe driver pump

What is a peristaltic pump?

This pump precisely delivers your prescribed dose, at an infusion rate determined by your doctor.

What is a syringe driver pump?

When you use this pump, you insert the syringe filled with IG into the pump and it slowly pushes your prescribed dose out of the syringe, through the tubing, to you.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

What should I tell my HCP before I start using or while using HyQvia?

Tell your HCP if you:

- Have or had any kidney, liver, or heart problems or history of blood clots because HyQvia can make these problems worse.
- Have IgA deficiency or a history of severe allergic reactions to IgG or other blood products.
- Are pregnant, trying to become pregnant or are breast feeding. It is not known whether HyQvia can harm the unborn baby or breastfed infant.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, click for [Information for Patients](#), including [Warning about Blood Clots](#), and discuss with your HCP.

Please see page 4 for HyHub/HyHub Duo Important Information for Patients.

What are HyHub™ and HyHub™ Duo for HyQvia?

HyHub is an infusion tray that has 4 docks. HyHub Duo is an infusion tray with 2 docks. As prescribed, for patients 17 years of age or older, both are designed to reduce the number of Hy and IG preparation steps* without using a needle or pooling bag to transfer medicine from dual-vial units at home or in-center. The size you get will be decided by your specialty pharmacy based on your dose.

*When infusing 2, 3, or 4 dual-vial units.



HyQvia
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Want to know what infusing is like?

Here's a little about a typical experience. Your results may be different because they vary from person to person, but this gives you an idea. Also, give yourself some grace. It usually takes 1-3 sessions with a nurse, on average, to get used to the process to successfully infuse.



- Choose an infusion site(s) in either the middle or upper abdomen or thigh. Avoid: bony areas, visible blood vessels, scars, and any areas of inflammation (irritation) or infection
- 20 minutes is the average amount of time to get set up to infuse



- About 2 hours is the average time of the infusion itself
- You may experience mild to moderate pain, redness, swelling, and itching at the infusion site

Side effects are a potential part of treatment.

Local reactions, or reactions that could happen at the infusion site, include mild or moderate pain, redness, swelling, and itching. On a broader scale, the most common systemic side effects (those that happen anywhere other than the infusion site) can include headache, fatigue, nausea, fever, and vomiting.



- There may be a soft, wide swollen area around your infusion site due to the amount of fluid you infused. It's normal.
- The swelling is due to the volume of fluid infused and may last 1 to 3 days



Infusion time is still your time.

Nervous, hopeful, anxious, excited ... these are just a few emotions you might feel when starting a new treatment. It's normal to feel all of them (and then some). But once you get the hang of infusing and you are all set up, you'll get comfortable with using this time to do what you want. To help the time pass, here are some ways others like to spend their infusion time:

- Movie night or binge a series you've been wanting to see
- Reading—grab a book from your nightstand you've been meaning to start
- Call someone and catch up
- Tune in to a new podcast
- Craft—people have done everything from cross-stitch to scrapbooking
- If you want to get caught up on some light work, like reading emails or meal planning for next week, go for it

hy tip:

It's helped others to set up a dedicated space for infusing. Usually it's a comfy, calm, and serene spot with a lounge-style chair, soft lighting to chill, and a few favorite things, like books, crossword puzzles, crafts, etc.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

What are the possible or reasonably likely side effects of HyQvia?

HyQvia can cause serious side effects. If any of the following problems occur after starting HyQvia, stop the infusion immediately and contact your HCP or call emergency services:

- Hives, swelling in the mouth or throat, itching, trouble breathing, wheezing, fainting or dizziness. These could be signs of a serious allergic reaction.
- Bad headache with nausea, vomiting, stiff neck, fever, and sensitivity to light. These could be signs of irritation and swelling of the lining around your brain.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, click for [Information for Patients](#), including [Warning about Blood Clots](#), and discuss with your HCP.



Support from the start.

There are resources available to answer your questions and help you feel supported and confident. Co-pay assistance is available for up to 100% of out-of-pocket expenses if you're eligible.

mylg source

This is a whole community committed to helping each other and loved ones manage a life with PI. With more than 52,000 members, this online community helps you and caregivers find information about PI and connect with IG Community Support Team Advocates—people who live with or love someone with PI.

Want to connect with an advocate?
Call 1-855-250-5111 to talk or visit [MylgSource.com](https://mylgsource.com) to learn more.



Help is just a tap or call away.

When prescribed a Takeda treatment—whether it's new to you, you've been on treatment, or you're taking care of someone else—Takeda Patient Support is here to help.

The Takeda Patient Support Co-Pay Assistance Program may cover

100% of your out-of-pocket costs if you're eligible*

Not enrolled or need assistance?

You can join Takeda Patient Support in a few simple steps. Visit TakedaPatientSupport.com/HyQvia or scan this QR code.

Our support specialists are never more than a tap or a call away. Reach us at **1-866-861-1750**, Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 8 PM ET.



A co-pay assistance program

Your dedicated specialist will walk you through the insurance process and help you understand what's covered.

Help getting your medicine

We can help you receive your treatment by getting your medication when you need it.

Nursing support

This can be arranged if you have questions about your treatment. Our nurses cannot provide medical advice.

Education about your condition

We can help you better understand your condition and treatment, and direct you to support resources and education that you can discuss with your healthcare provider.

Ongoing support

We're here for you. We'll share emails and texts with tips and timely info throughout your treatment.

***IMPORTANT NOTICE:** The Takeda Patient Support Co-Pay Assistance Program (the Program) is not valid for prescriptions eligible to be reimbursed, in whole or in part, by Medicaid, Medicare (including Medicare Part D), Tricare, Medigap, VA, DoD, or other federal or state programs (including any medical or state prescription drug assistance programs). No claim for reimbursement of the out-of-pocket expense amount covered by the Program shall be submitted to any third party payer, whether public or private. The Program cannot be combined with any other rebate/coupon, free trial, or similar offer. Copayment assistance under the Program is not transferable. The Program only applies in the United States, including Puerto Rico and other U.S. territories, and does not apply where prohibited by law, taxed, or restricted. This does not constitute health insurance. Void where use is prohibited by your insurance provider. If your insurance situation changes you must notify the Program immediately at 1-866-861-1750. Coverage of certain administration charges will not apply for patients residing in states where it is prohibited by law. Takeda reserves the right to rescind, revoke, or amend the Program at any time without notice.

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- Your HCP may perform blood tests regularly to check your IgG level.
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Who should not take HyQvia?

Do not take HyQvia if you:

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What should I avoid while taking HyQvia?

- HyQvia can make vaccines (like measles/mumps/rubella or chickenpox vaccines) not work as well for you. Before you get any vaccines, tell your HCP that you take HyQvia.

What should I tell my HCP before I start using or while using HyQvia?

Tell your HCP if you:

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- Have IgA deficiency or a history of severe allergic reactions to IgG or other blood products.
- Are pregnant, trying to become pregnant or are breast feeding. It is not known whether HyQvia can harm the unborn baby or breastfed infant.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

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- Hives, swelling in the mouth or throat, itching, trouble breathing, wheezing, fainting or dizziness. These could be signs of a serious allergic reaction.
- Bad headache with nausea, vomiting, stiff neck, fever, and sensitivity to light. These could be signs of irritation and swelling of the lining around your brain.
- Reduced urination, sudden weight gain, or swelling in your legs. These could be signs of a kidney problem.
- Pain, swelling, warmth, redness, or a lump in your legs or arms, other than at the infusion site(s). These could be signs of a blood clot.
- Brown or red urine, fast heart rate, yellow skin or eyes. These could be signs of a liver or blood problem.
- Chest pain or trouble breathing, blue lips or extremities. These could be signs of a serious heart or lung problem.
- Fever over 100°F. This could be a sign of an infection.

After HyQvia infusion a temporary, soft swelling may occur around the infusion site, which may last 1 to 3 days, due to the volume of fluid infused. The following possible side effects may occur at the site of infusion and generally go away within a few hours, and are less likely after the first few infusions.

- Mild or moderate pain
- Redness
- Swelling
- Itching

The most common side effects of HyQvia are:

- Headache
- Fatigue
- Nausea
- Fever
- Vomiting

Antibodies to the hyaluronidase component of HyQvia were formed in some patients taking HyQvia. It is not known if there is any long-term effect. In theory, these antibodies could react with your body's own hyaluronidase (PH20). PH20 is present in the male reproductive tract. So far, these antibodies have not been associated with increased or new side-effects.

These are not all the possible side effects. Talk to your HCP about any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away.

For additional safety information, click for [Information for Patients](#) and discuss with your HCP.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch, or call 1-800-FDA-1088.


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You can always say

While your doctor is your best resource, you can always visit [HyQvia.com](https://www.hyqvia.com) for helpful info.



Looking for even more info?

No problem. Reach for the [Step-by-Step Guide](#) next and scan the QR code to [sign up for our emails](#).

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

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HyQvia

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